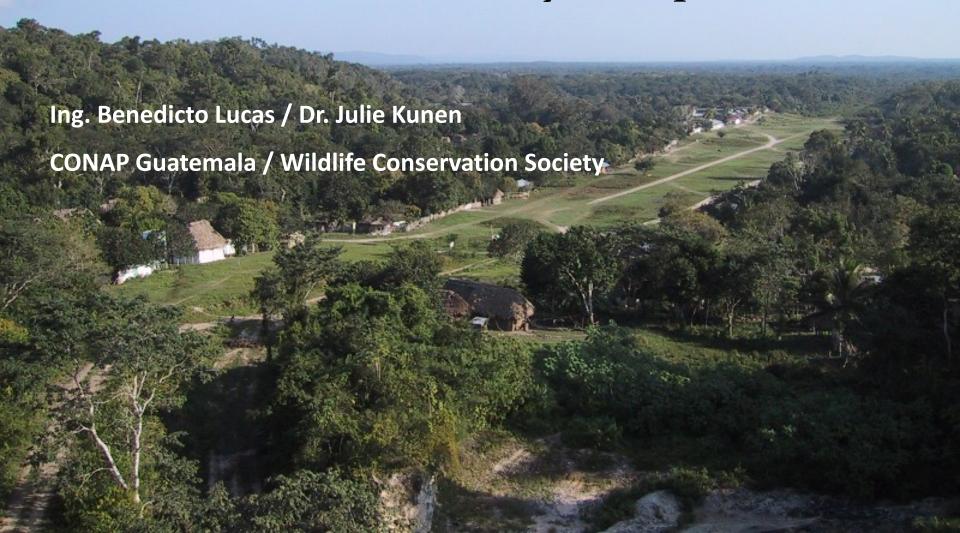
Traditional Fire Management and Climate Mitigation:

The Case of Guatemala's Maya Biosphere Reserve



Since 1895, WCS has helped create or expand 245 protected areas worldwide.

Today, WCS helps manage or support protected areas in 60 countries.



We urge WPC participants to:

- Encourage countries to meet the Aichi targets for protected area creation & management
- Focus on large, intact systems with high biodiversity
- Engage civil society to assist

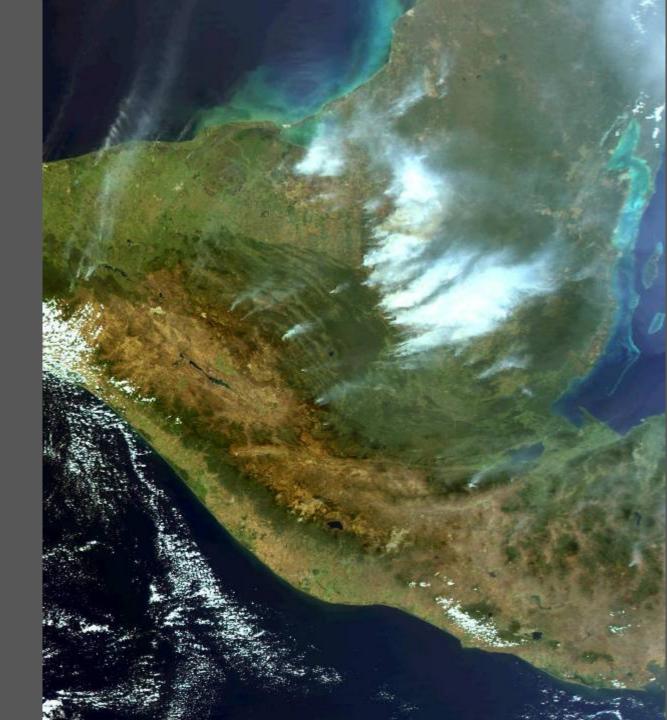


Maya Forest

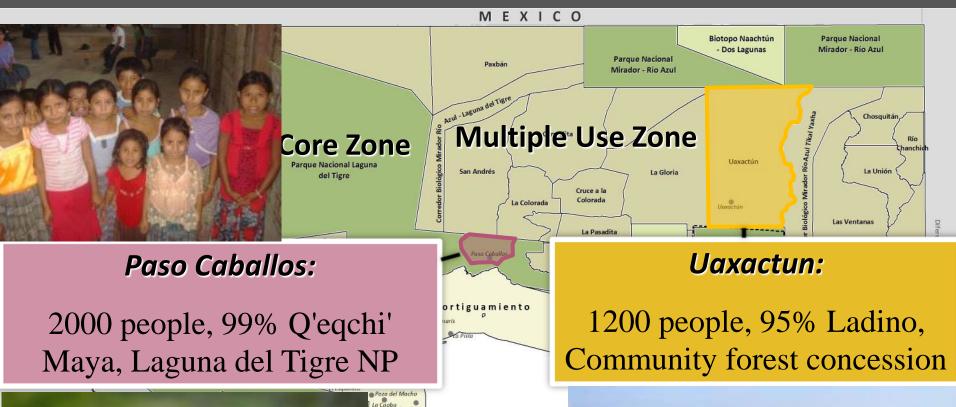




El Niño



Maya Biosphere Reserve



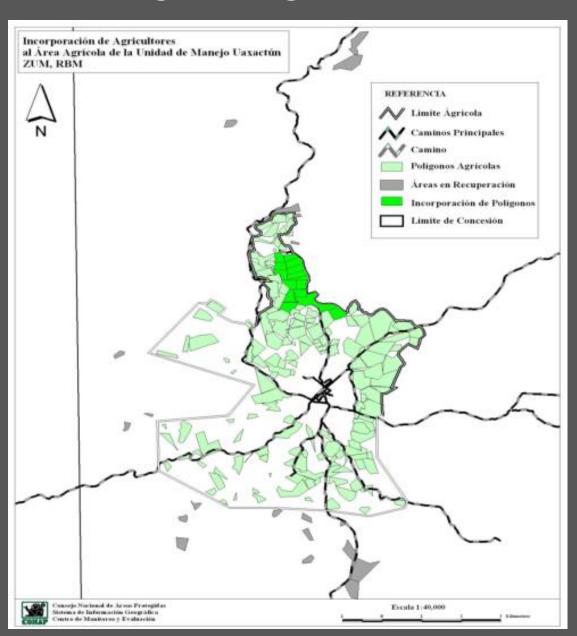




Approach

Territorial Planning & Agriculture

- 21 "satellite" agricultural plots relocated (157 ha)
- •All agriculture plots now in authorized polygon



Implementation of Early Warning System for Fire in Local Communities







Territorial Control and Protection





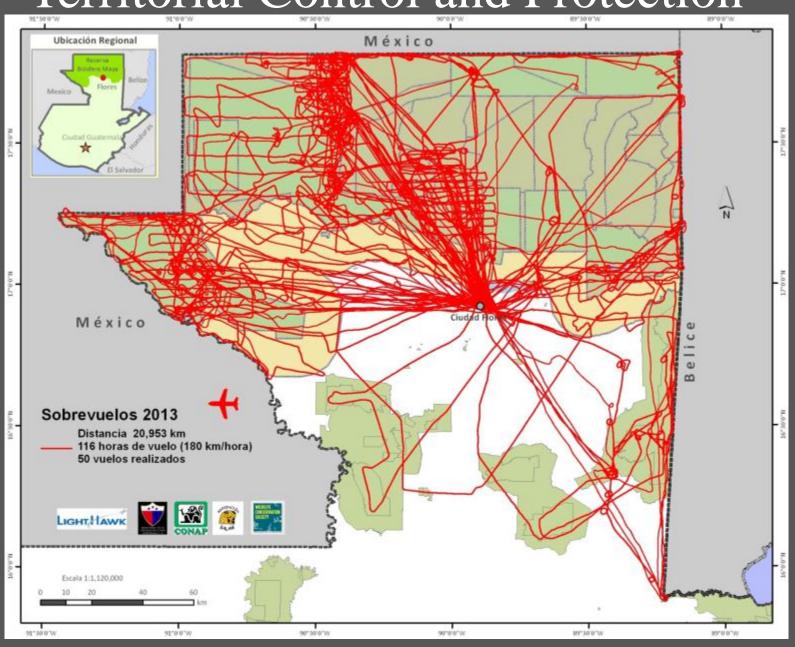




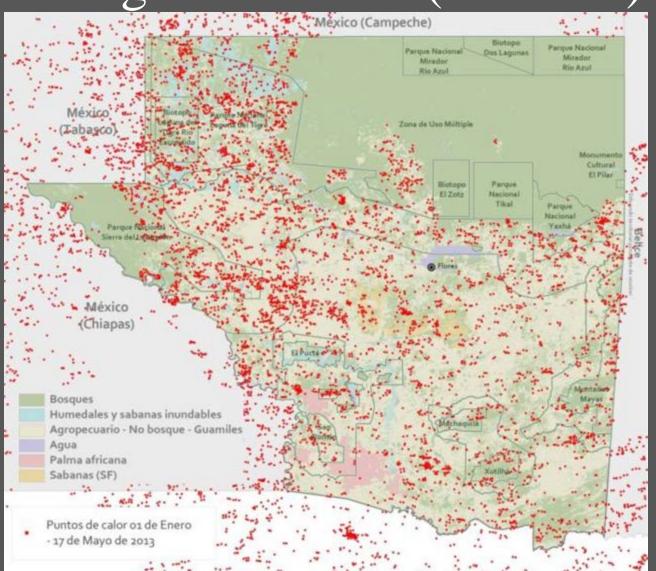




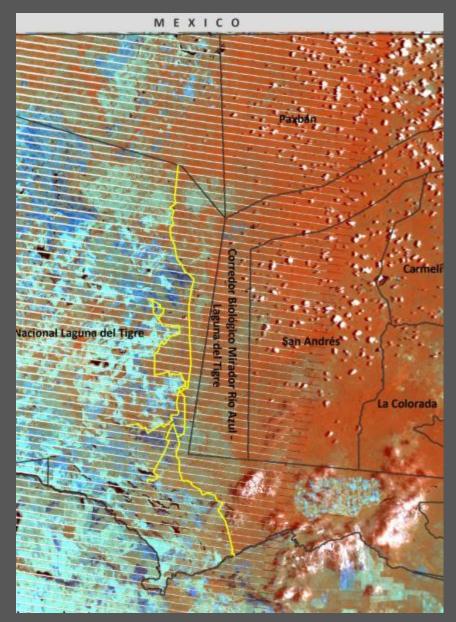
Territorial Control and Protection

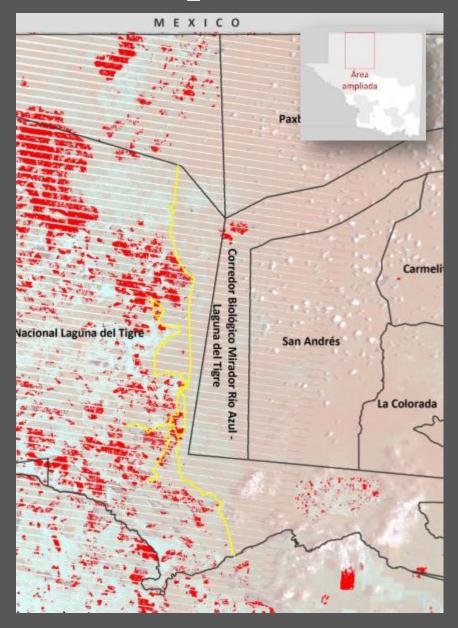


Weather and Fire Monitoring during Fire Season (CEMEC)



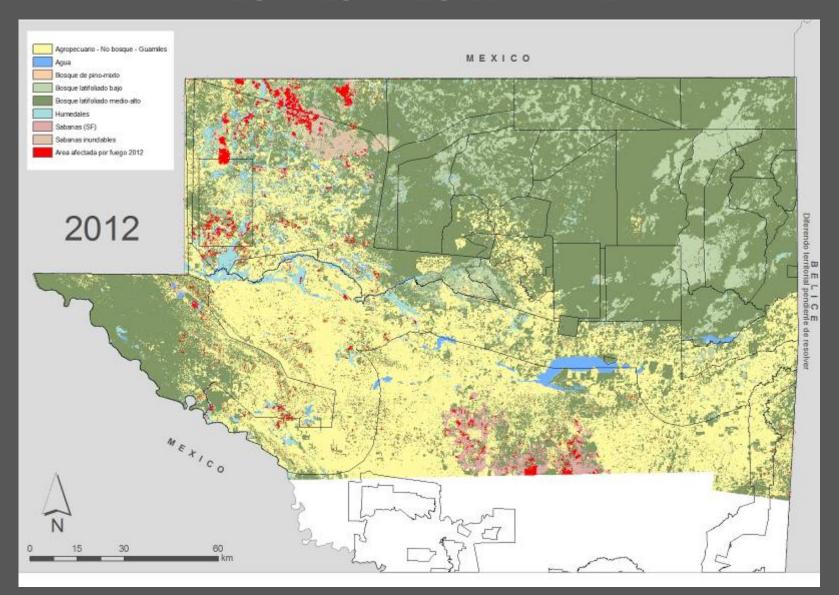
Evaluation of Fire Impact



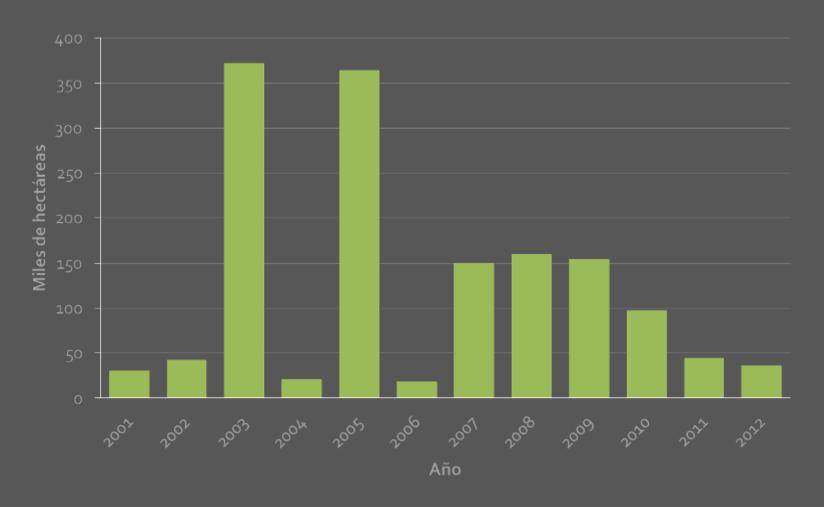


Contribution to Climate Mitigation and Adaptation

HECTARES AFFECTED BY FIRE

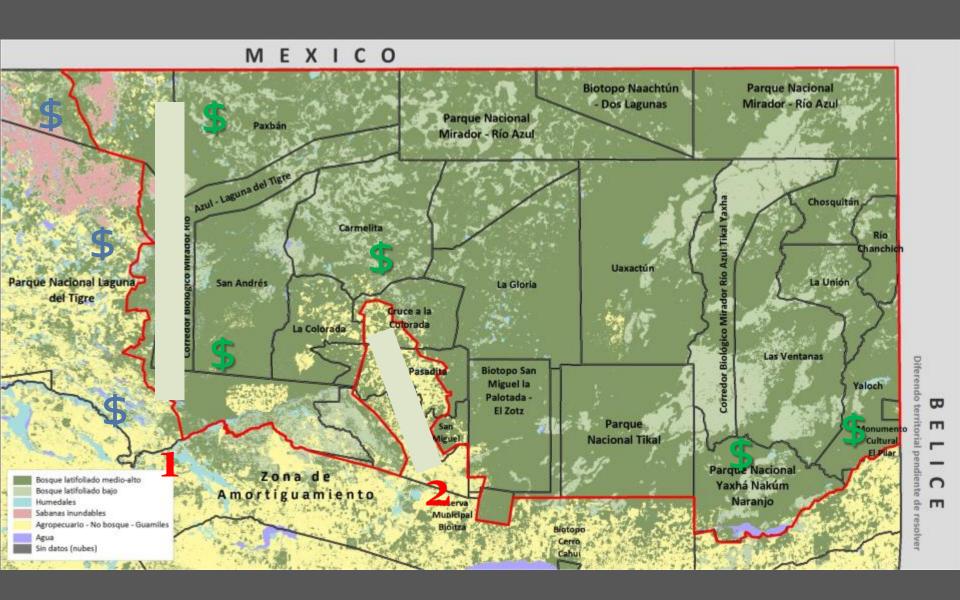


HECTARES AFFECTED BY FIRE



Superficies afectadas por el fuego 2001-2012

"The Shield"



Lessons Learned

- 1. Fire prevention is far superior to fire suppression.
- 2. Key to engage local communities to ensure traditional agricultural activities while reducing fire risk
- 3. CONAP's supervisory role has been paramount
- 4. Over flights identify high threat areas prior to the burning season, allowing targeted mitigation activities

Thank you



For more information, please visit:

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